Food and Drug Administration, HHS

- (ii) Aluminum forms insoluble complexes with phosphate in the gastro-intestinal tract, thus decreasing phosphate absorption. Prolonged use of aluminum-containing antacids by normo-phosphatemic patients may result in hypophosphatemia if phosphate intake is not adequate. In its more severe forms, hypophosphatemia can lead to anorexia, malaise, muscle weakness, and osteomalacia.
- (b) Professional labeling for an antacid-antiflatulent combination may contain the information allowed for health professionals for antacids and antiflatulents.

[39 FR 19874, June 4, 1974. Redesignated and amended at 55 FR 19859, May 11, 1990]

PART 332—ANTIFLATULENT PROD-UCTS FOR OVER-THE-COUNTER HUMAN USE

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec.

332.1 Scope.

332.3 Definitions.

Subpart B—Active Ingredients

332.10 Antiflatulent active ingredients.
332.15 Combination with non-antiflatulent active ingredients.

Subpart C—Labeling

332.30 Labeling of antiflatulent products. 332.31 Professional labeling.

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 321, 351, 352, 353, 355, 360, 371.

SOURCE: 39 FR 19877, June 4, 1974, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Provisions

§ 332.1 Scope.

An over-the-counter antiflatulent product in a form suitable for oral administration is generally recognized as safe and effective and is not misbranded if it meets each of the following conditions and each of the general conditions established in §330.1 of this chapter.

§ 332.3 Definitions.

As used in this part:

Antigas. A term that may be used interchangeably with the term anti-

flatulent. Neither term should be considered as describing the mechanism of action of the active ingredient contained in the product.

[61 FR 8838, Mar. 5, 1996]

Subpart B—Active Ingredients

§ 332.10 Antiflatulent active ingredients.

Simethicone; maximum daily dose 500 mg. There is no dosage limitation at this time for professional labeling.

§ 332.15 Combination with non-antiflatulent active ingredients.

An antiflatulent may contain any generally recognized as safe and effective antacid ingredient(s) if it is indicated for use solely for the concurrent symptoms of gas associated with heartburn, sour stomach or acid indigestion.

Subpart C—Labeling

§ 332.30 Labeling of antiflatulent drug products.

- (a) Statement of identity. The labeling of the product contains the established name of the drug, if any, and identifies the product as an "antiflatulent," "antigas," or "antiflatulent (antigas)."
- (b) Indications. The labeling of the product states, under the heading "Indications," one or more of the phrases listed in this paragraph (b), as appropriate. Other truthful and nonmisleading statements, describing only the indications for use that have been established and listed in this paragraph (b), may also be used, as provided in §330.1(c)(2) of this chapter, subject to the provisions of section 502 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act) relating to misbranding and the prohibition in section 301(d) of the act against the introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of unapproved new drugs in violation of section 505(a) of the act.
- (1) (Select one of the following: "Alleviates or Relieves") "the symptoms referred to as gas."
- (2) (Select one of the following: "Alleviates" or "Relieves") (select one or more of the following: "bloating," "pressure," "fullness," or "stuffed feeling") "commonly referred to as gas."